

RYEGRASSES

Astound Tetraploid Annual Ryegrass

Excellent winter and early spring production

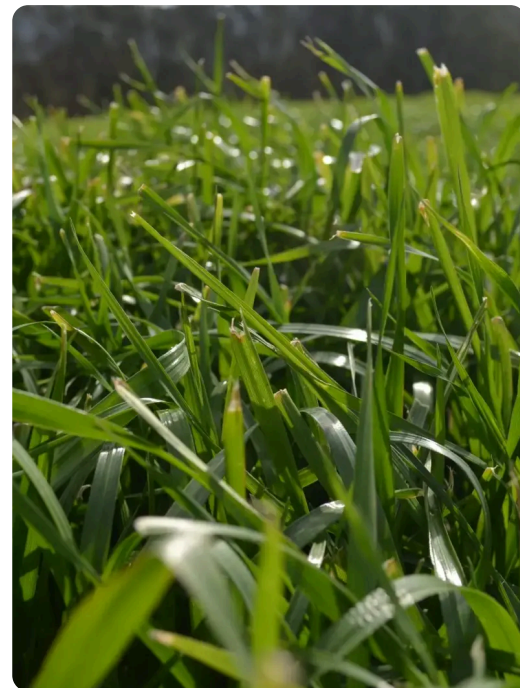
Astound Tetraploid is recording high DM yields and fast emergence vigour for unreliable autumn breaks. Performs consistently across the whole season giving reliable quality production and making the variety highly suitable for silage and hay. Australian bred for Australian farming conditions.

ABOUT THIS VARIETY

Astound is a tetraploid annual ryegrass that has been developed to fill the winter feed gap. With excellent seedling vigour and rapid establishment, it is fast to first grazing.

Astound has good recovery from heavy grazing. This allows greater dry matter production and delivers more feed when it's needed most. Suitable for all livestock types.

Mid to late maturity, with fast emergence vigour for unreliable autumn breaks and for mulching into kikuyu. Densely tillered and broad leaved for extra yield, with large seed for irregular sowing depth control and exceptional late season growth for an annual ryegrass. Suited to a range of soil types, with consistent performance across the growing season and reliable quality production. Highly suitable for silage, hay and grazing.



QUICK FACTS

-  **TYPE & PERSISTENCY**
Annual
-  **MIN RAINFALL**
450 mm+
-  **SOIL & PH**
Soil range: Sand to Heavy · pH 5+ (CaCl₂)
-  **SOWING RATE**
25–35 kg/ha General
-  **TOLERANCES**
Waterlogging
-  **END USE**
Grazing, Hay, Silage
-  **LIVESTOCK**
Beef, Dairy, Sheep, Equine
-  **PLOIDY**
Tetraploid
-  **HEADING DATE**
Mid-late

KEY ATTRIBUTES

- ✓ Fast emergence vigour for unreliable autumn breaks
- ✓ Consistent quality production across the whole season
- ✓ Good recovery from heavy grazing
- ✓ High winter yields and dry matter
- ✓ Outstanding rust resistance
- ✓ Highly suitable for silage and hay

PLANTING & GRAZING NOTES

Optimal planting is autumn, usually preferred. Can be direct drilled or sown into a cultivated seedbed, or over sown into an existing pasture sward; cultivate the seed bed if the ground is uneven. Sow shallow (10-15mm); using a roller will ensure good seed-soil contact and improve germination rates. A weed-free seedbed allows for better establishment results, and the use of fertiliser at sowing will improve the establishment and yield of pasture. Pasture should not be grazed until adequately anchored (cannot be pulled out easily). Ryegrass is better suited to rotational grazing, allowing plants to re-grow to the 2-3 leaf stage before grazing again.

DISEASE & PEST RESISTANCE

Outstanding rust resistance, improving palatability late in the season.

HOW IT'S SOLD

FORM	PACK
Bare	25 kg